

United Launch Alliance (ULA) will use an Atlas V 551 rocket to launch the fourth Advanced Extremely High Frequency (AEHF) communications satellite for the U.S. Air Force from Space Launch Complex-41 at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, Florida.

The AEHF system, developed by Lockheed Martin, provides vastly improved global, survivable, protected communications capabilities for strategic command and tactical warfighters. This jam-resistant system also serves international partners including Canada, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom.



LAUNCH F

CH Payload Fairing (PLF)

The spacecraft is encapsulated in a 5-m (17-ft) diameter short payload fairing. The 5-m PLF is a sandwich composite structure made with a vented aluminum-honeycomb core and graphite-epoxy face sheets. The bisector (two-piece shell) PLF encapsulates both the Centaur and the satellite. The vehicle's height with the 5-m short PLF is approximately 197 ft.

Centaur

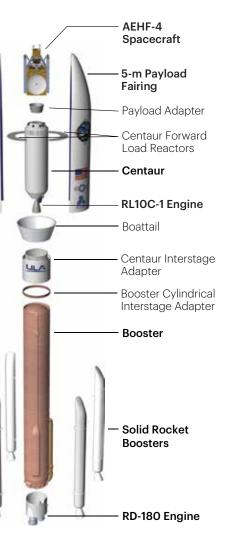
The Centaur second stage is 10 ft in diameter and 41.5 ft in length. Its propellant tanks are constructed of pressure-stabilized, corrosionresistant stainless steel. Centaur is a cryogenic vehicle, fueled with liquid hydrogen and liquid oxygen, powered by an RL10C-1 engine producing 22,900 lb of thrust. The cryogenic tanks are insulated with a combination of helium-purged blankets, radiation shields and spray-on foam insulation (SOFI). The Centaur forward adapter (CFA) provides structural mountings for the fault-tolerant avionics system and structural and electrical interfaces with the spacecraft.

Booster

The booster is 12.5 ft in diameter and 106.5 ft in length. The booster's tanks are structurally rigid and constructed of isogrid aluminum barrels, spun-formed aluminum domes and intertank skirts. Booster propulsion is provided by the RD-180 engine system (a single engine with two thrust chambers). The RD-180 burns RP-1 (Rocket Propellant-1 or highly purified kerosene) and liquid oxygen and delivers 860,200 lb of thrust at sea level. Five solid rocket boosters (SRBs) generate the additional power required at liftoff, with each SRB providing 348,500 lb of thrust. The Centaur avionics system, provides guidance, flight control and vehicle sequencing functions during the booster and Centaur phases of flight. AEHF-4 will be a protected communications relay to provide the highest levels of information protection to the nation's most critical users. The Lockheed Martin A2100 satellite gives senior leadership a survivable line of communications to military forces in all levels of conflict, including nuclear war. The system features encryption, low probability of intercept and detection, jammer resistance and the ability to penetrate the electro-magnetic interference caused by nuclear weapons to route communications, real-time video, maps and targeting data to users on land, at sea or in the air.

The Atlas V 551 rocket will deliver AEHF-4 into an optimized, high-energy geosynchronous transfer orbit. ULA and the AEHF program produced this ascent profile to maximize mission flexibility over the satellite's lifetime.

Atlas V rockets successfully launched the first three AEHF satellites in 2010, 2012 and 2013 as the new constellation was formed in geosynchronous orbit 22,300 miles above Earth to augment and eventually replace the legacy MILSTAR communications satellite fleet. One AEHF satellite has greater capacity than the entire five-satellite MILSTAR constellation.



MISSION OVERVIEW



AS V

Producing more than two and a half million pounds of thrust at liftoff, the Atlas V 551 rocket is the most powerful in the Atlas V fleet. In its more than 10 years of service, the 551 rocket has launched groundbreaking missions for our nation—from the critically important MUOS constellation to historic science missions including New Horizons, the first mission to Pluto and the Juno mission to Jupiter.

First Launch: Jan. 19, 2006 Launches to date: 8

Performance to GTO: 8,900 kg (19,620 lb) Performance to LEO-Reference 18,850 kg (41,570 lb)



With more than a century of combined heritage, United Launch Alliance is the nation's most experienced and reliable launch service provider. ULA has successfully delivered 130 satellites to orbit that provide critical capabilities for troops in the field, aid meteorologists in tracking severe weather, enable personal device-based GPS navigation and unlock the mysteries of our solar system.

Atlas V AEHF-

Advanced Extremely High Frequency-4

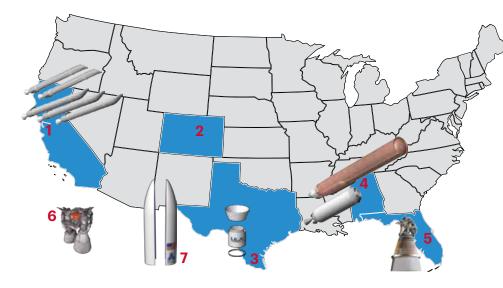


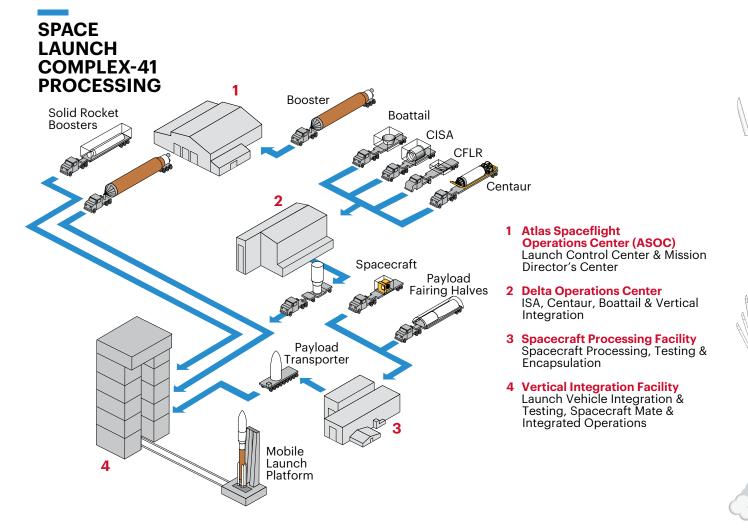
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ulalaunch.com

PRODUCTION





1 Sacramento, CA

2 Denver, CO

3 Harlingen, TX

Fabrication 4 Decatur, AL

at Aerojet Rocketdyne

Center Engineering

Solid Rocket Booster Fabrication

ULA Headquarters & Design

Payload Adapter, Booster Adapter & Centaur Adapter

Booster Fabrication & Final

Fabrication & Final Assembly

RL10C-1 Engine Fabrication at

RD-180 Engine Fabrication at

Fabrication at RUAG Space

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3

2

Assembly, Centaur Tank

5 West Palm Beach, FL

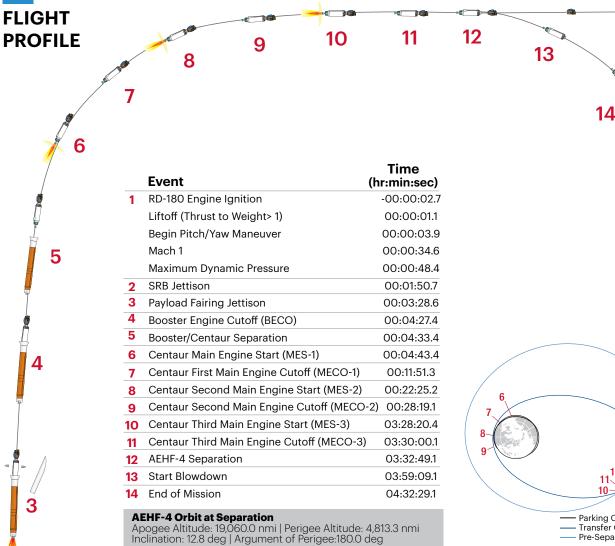
Aerojet Rocketdyne

NPO Energomash

7 Zurich, Switzerland

5-m Payload Fairing

6 Khimki, Russia



12¹³ - Parking Orbit - Transfer Orbit — Pre-Separation Orbit

